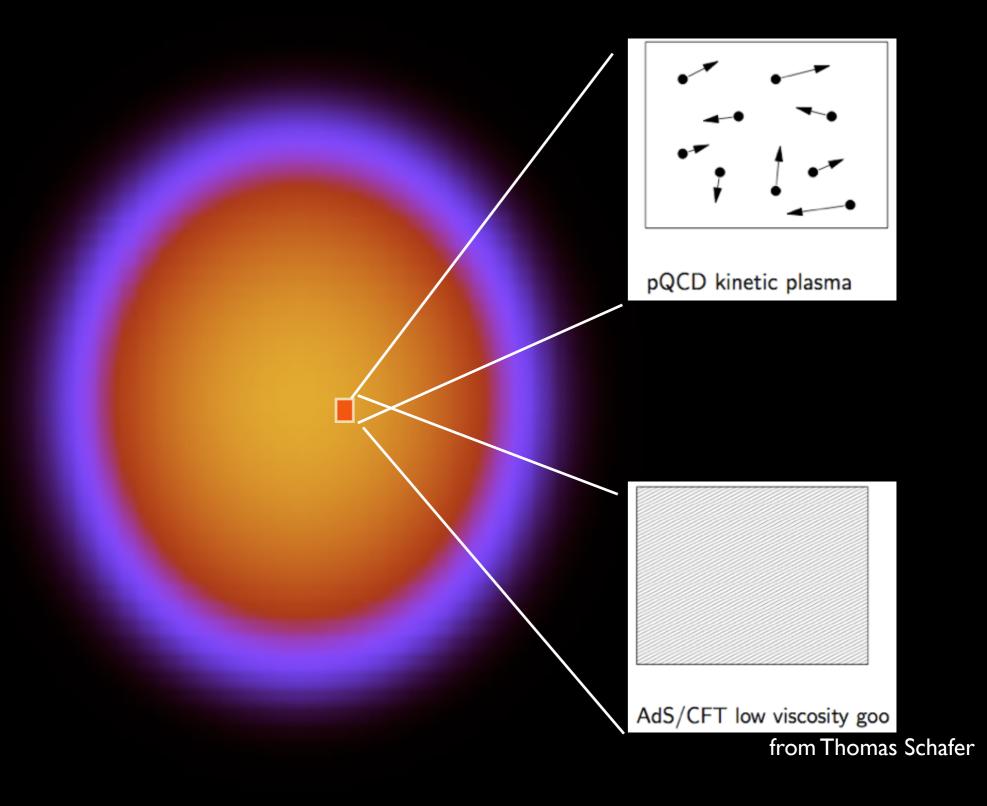




The inner workings of the QGP



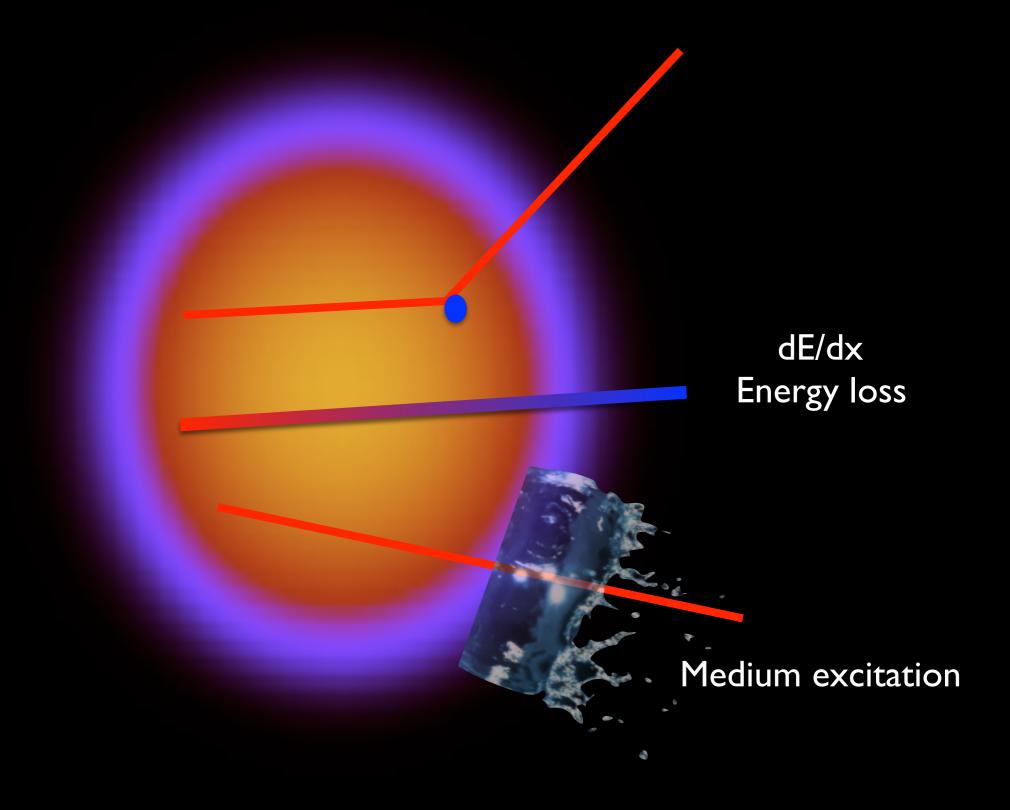


Gunther Roland



Rutherford Scattering



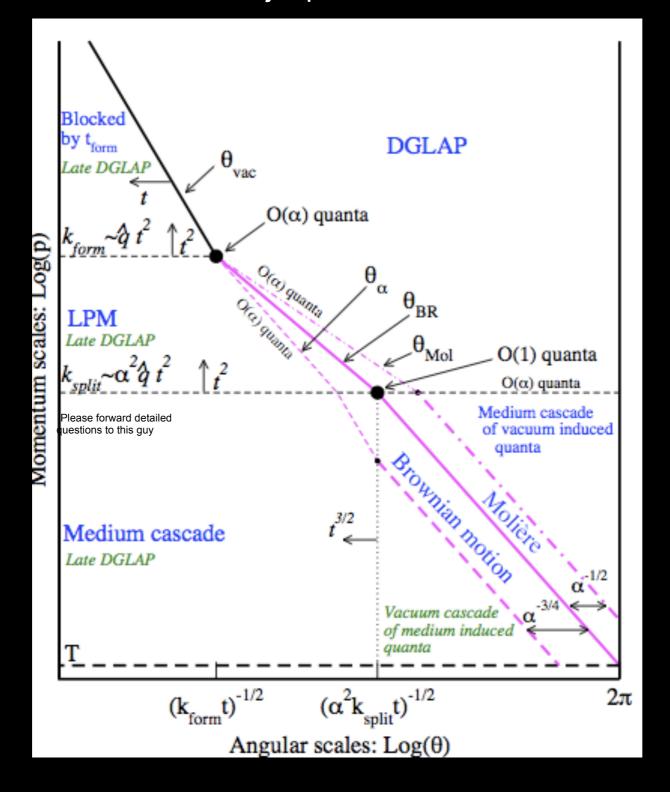




Kurkela, Wiedemann, arXiv:1407.0293

Angular and momentum structure of intra-jet parton cascade

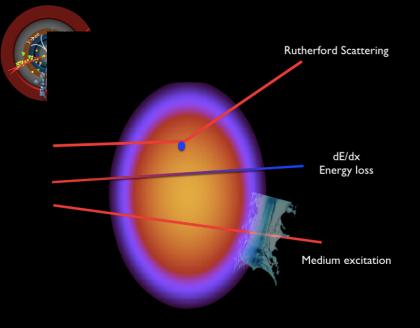


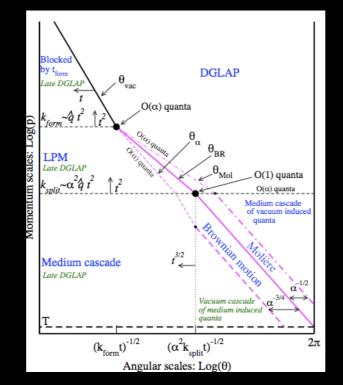


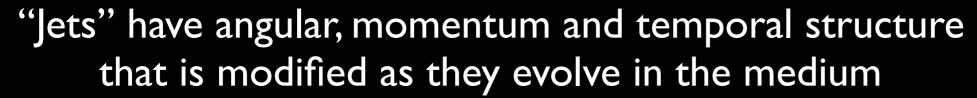
Jets evolve in angular and momentum space

At different scales, evolution is dominated by different mechanisms:

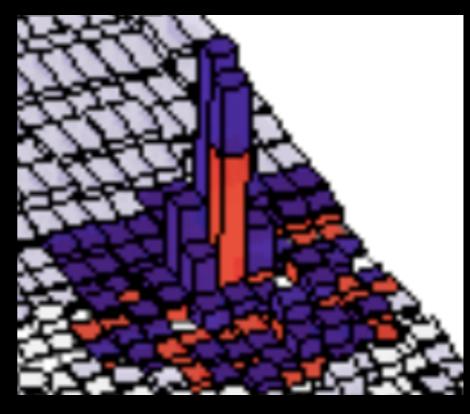
- vacuum evolution
- (jet-constituent)-medium scattering
- •in-medium cascade

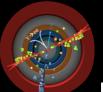






Results are final state hadron showers with jet-by-jet correlated changes of their angular and momentum structure

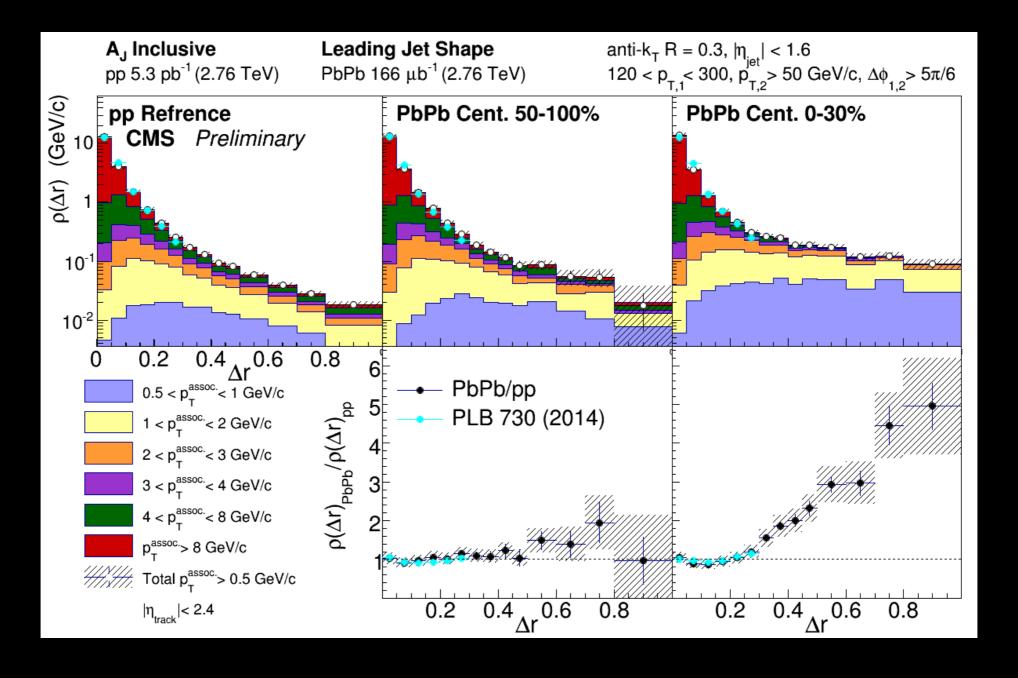




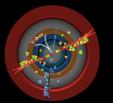


Information about what happens to the shower on average can be summarized in correlation functions*...

*jet-track, but more generally angular + momentum correlations of jet constituents

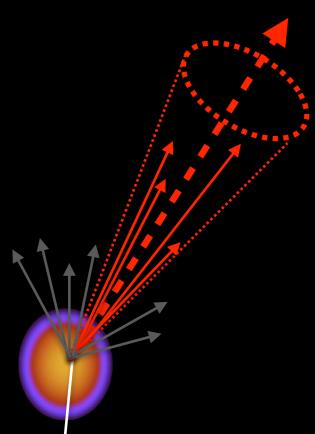


...in particular if jet finding biases are eliminated



Another emerging theme

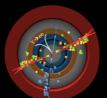




Use away-side and/or same side tags to systematically control jet system:

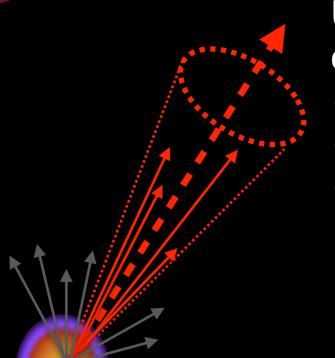
- Initial parton energy, flavor: Z and γ tag
- Geometry: hadron vs jet vs Z/γ tag
- parton flavor/mass: D, B, c/b-tag, displaced J/ψ

Also, rapidity dependence to control flavor



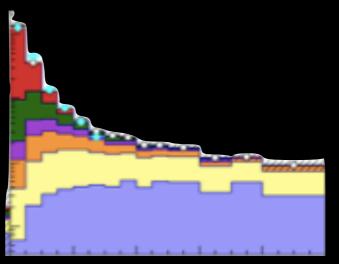
Another emerging theme





Use charged tracks (and/or calo-based constituents) to characterize momentum flow relative to jet system

- Integrate to traditional jet shapes, fragmentation func's
- In-cone vs out-of-cone energy distributions
- Jet-substructure and jet-by-jet classifiers



 $C_2(p_T, \Delta \eta, \Delta \phi, ...)$

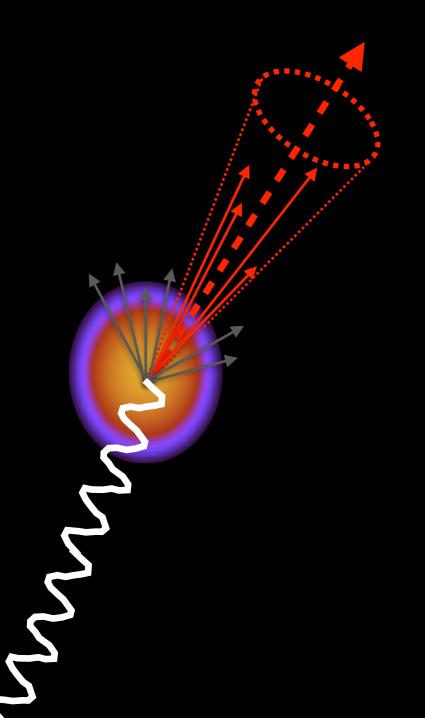
Use away-side and/or same side tags to systematically control jet system:

- Initial parton energy, flavor: Z and γ tag
- Geometry: hadron vs jet vs Z/γ tag
- parton flavor/mass: D, B, c/b-tag, displaced J/ψ

Also, rapidity dependence to control flavor



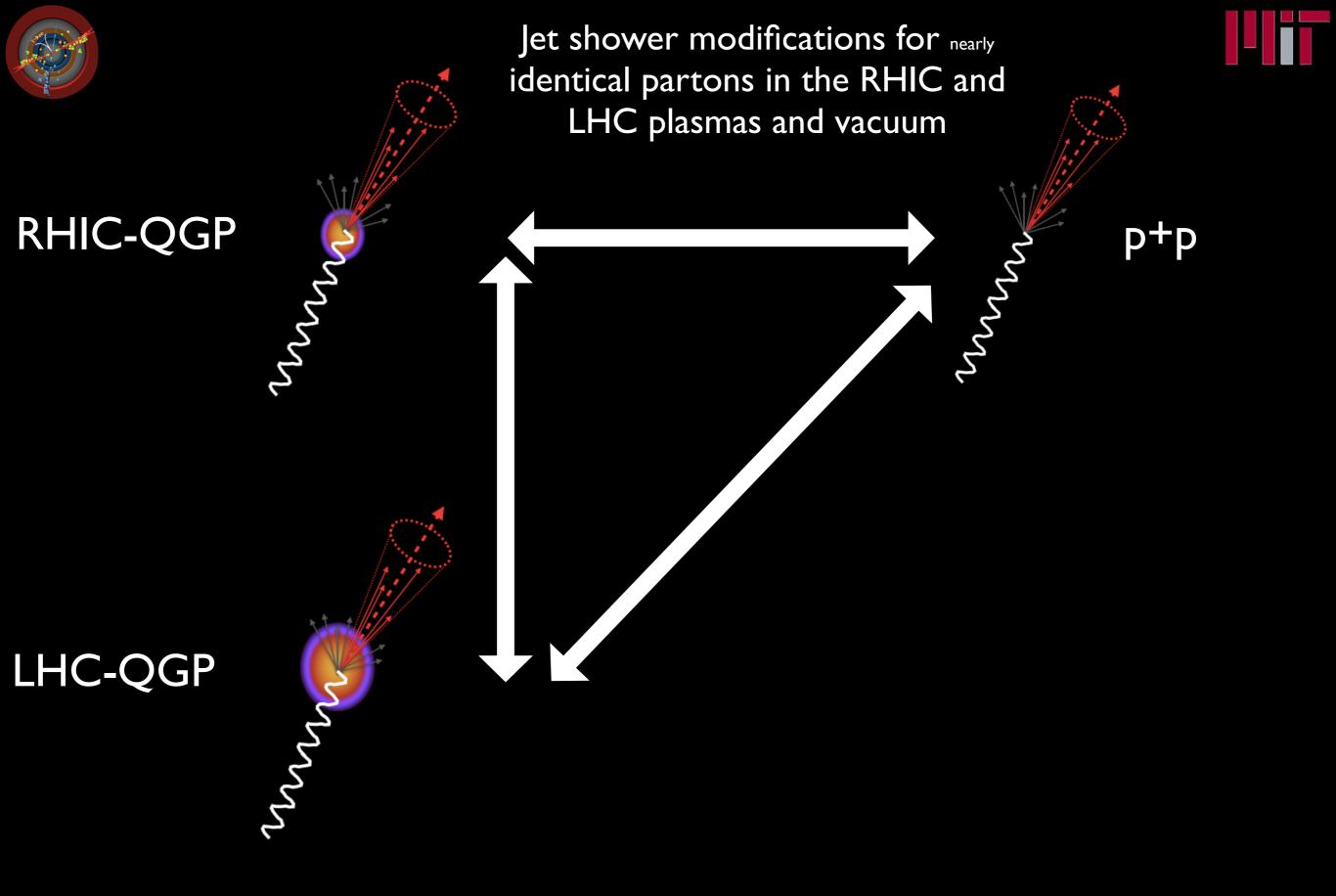


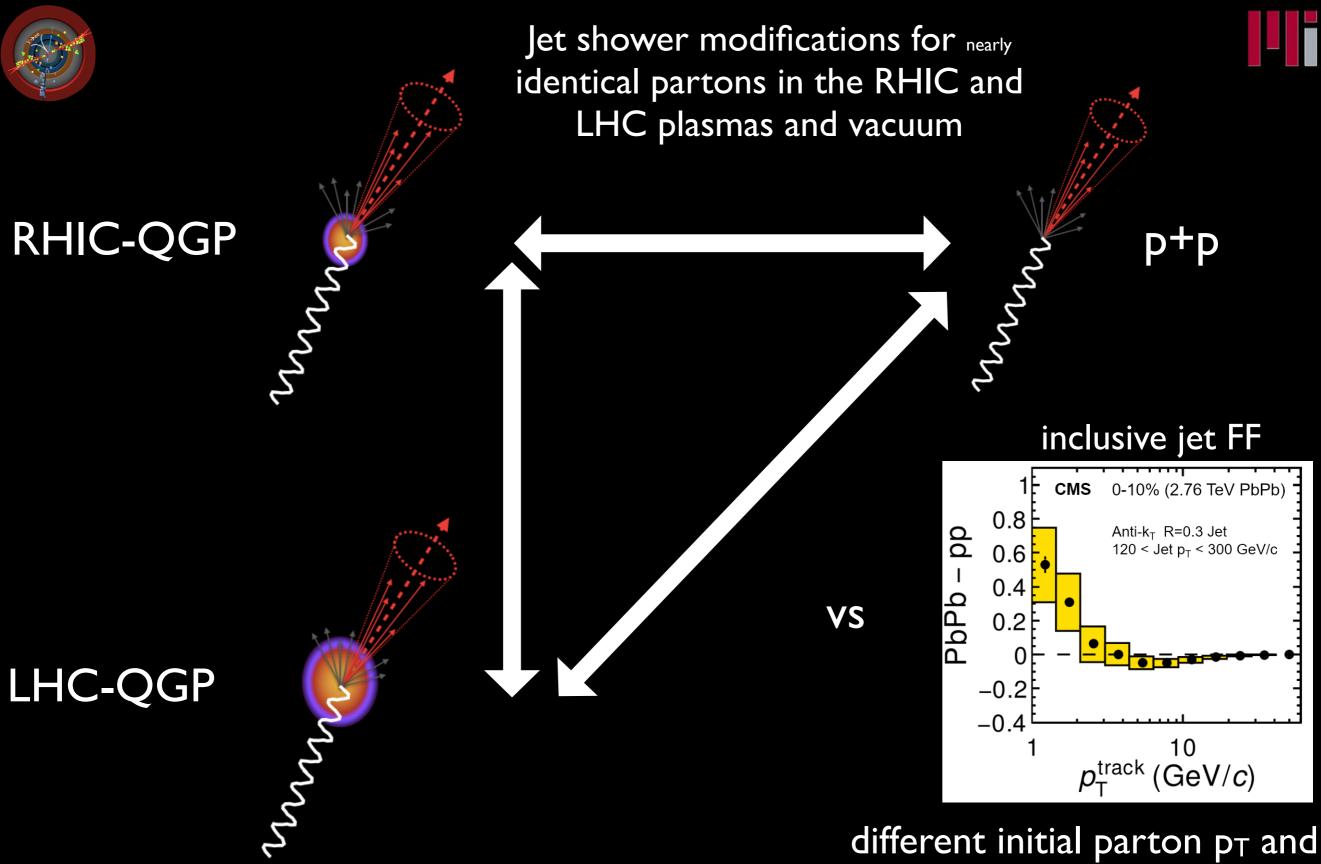


My personal favorite: Z+jet and γ +jet

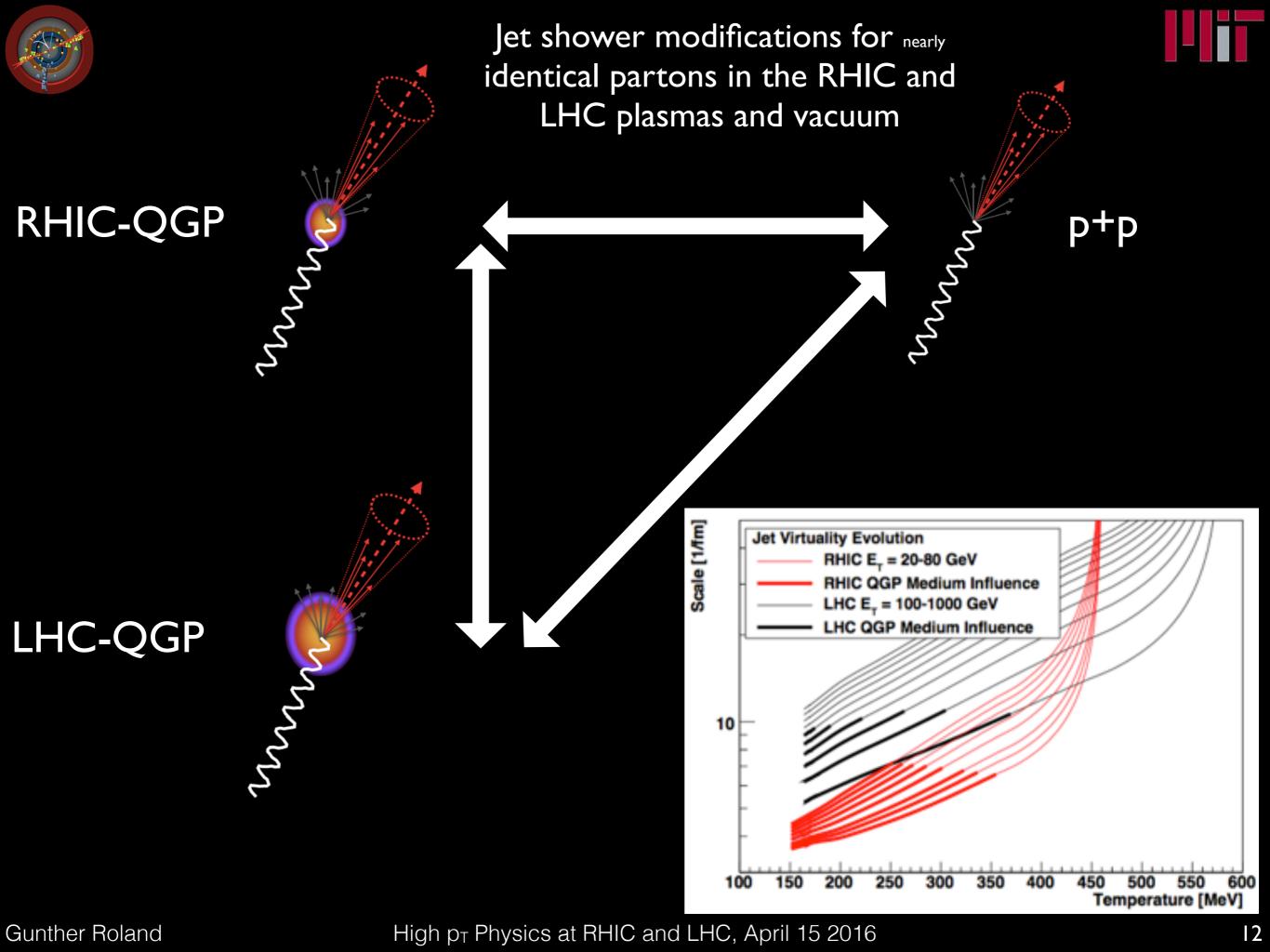
(or more specifically: angular and momentum distributions of associated charged particles wrt to the jet axis in V+jet events)

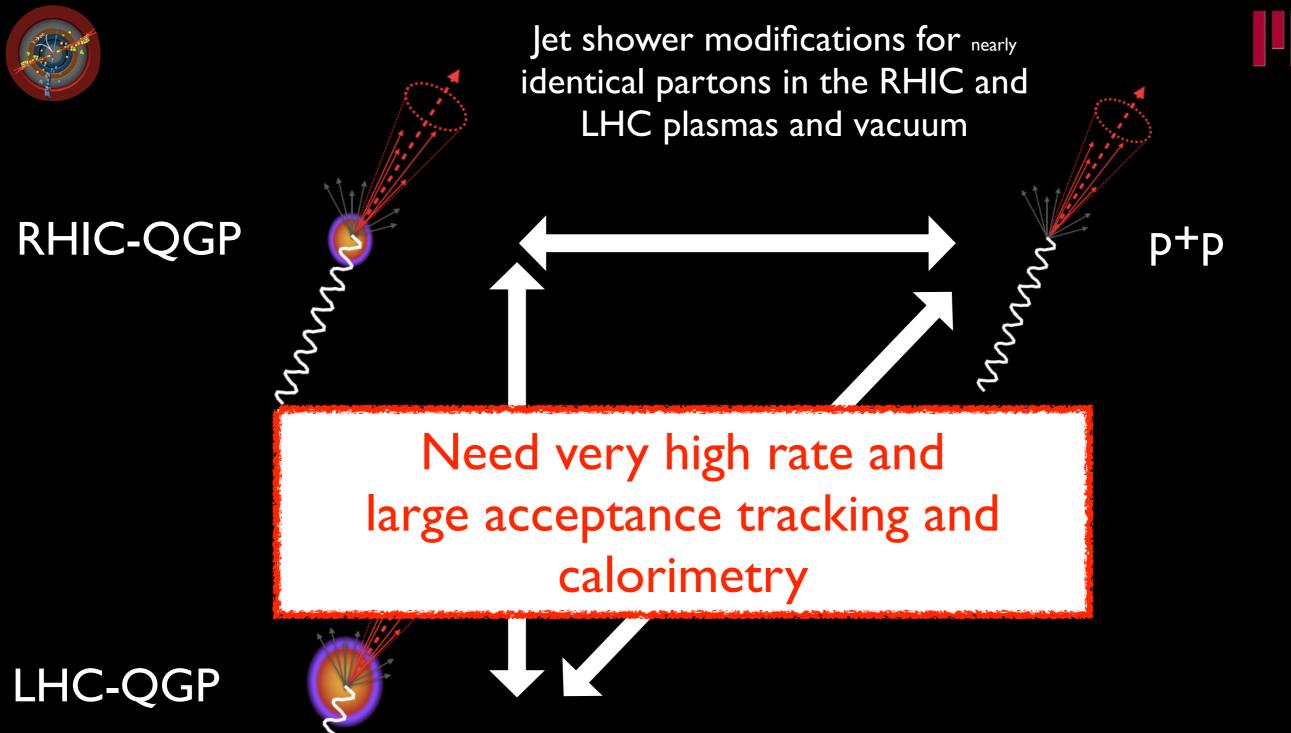
- remove jet energy scale uncertainty
- remove UE and v_n bias on jet selection
- (potentially) remove jet finding bias
- select on initial parton, not final state shower properties





different initial parton p_T and flavor distributions in numerator and denominator





Future Heavy Ion Jet experiments

RHIC





Species: Au+Au (or PbPb?!)

Energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 0.2 \text{TeV}$

Collision rate (±10cm): 15+kHz

Data taking: 2022-2024

New detector: sPHENIX

Species: PbPb (or Au+Au?!)

Energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.x \text{TeV}$

Collision rate (±15cm): 20-50kHz

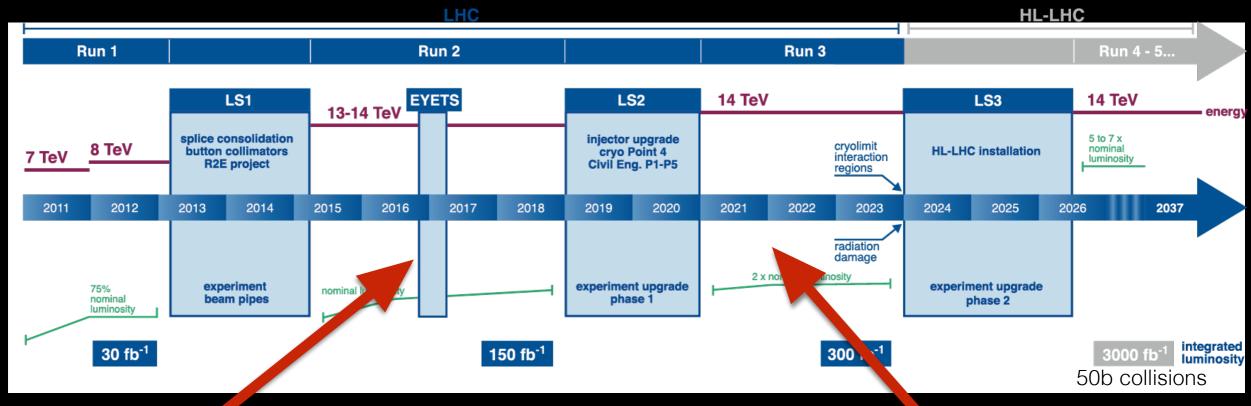
Data taking: 2015-2018, 2021-2023,...

ALICE, ATLAS, CMS upgrades



LHC / HL-LHC Plan

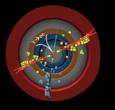




PbPb in Run 2 $\sqrt{s} = 5\text{TeV}$ Collision rate $\approx 20\text{kHz}$ $L_{\text{int}} \approx 0.5/\text{nb} (2015)$ 1.5/nb (2018) PbPb in Run 3 $\sqrt{s} = 5-5.5$ TeV Collision rate ≈ 50 kHz $L_{int} \approx 10$ /nb (run 2+3)

CMS/ATLAS collected 0.5 nb⁻¹ in '15 i.e., about 5% of Run 2+3 total, **factor 10** wrt Run 1 in HP stat's

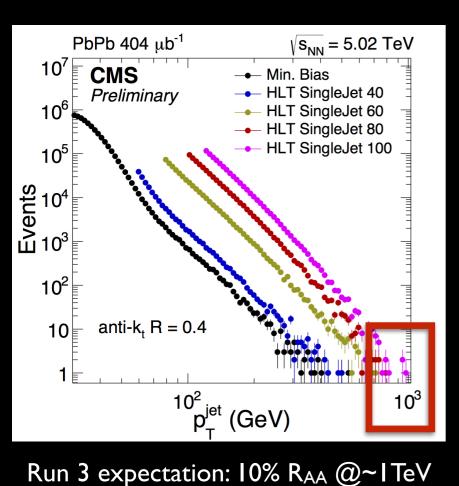
Run 2 + 3 vs LHC Run 1: x60 due to higher luminosity; x3 due to higher √s

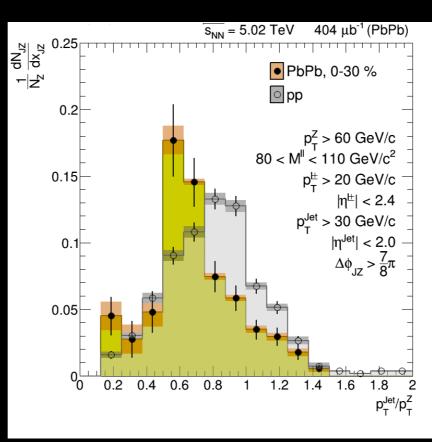




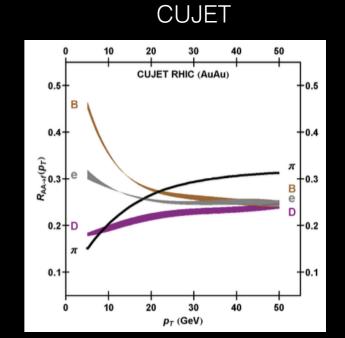
LHC projection ~confirmed by 2015 data

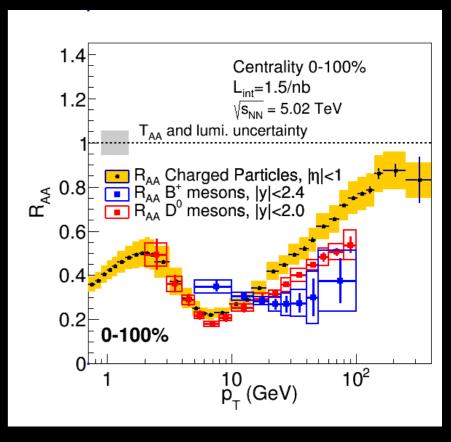
| | 2010–2011 | HL-LHC |
|---|--|-----------------------------|
| | $2.76 { m TeV} 160 \mu { m b}^{-1}$ | 5.5 TeV 10 nb ⁻¹ |
| Jet p_T reach (GeV/c) | ~ 300 | ~ 1000 |
| Dijet ($p_{T,1} > 120 \text{ GeV/}c$) | 50k | ~ 10M |
| b-jet ($p_T > 120 \text{ GeV/}c$) | ~ 500 | ∼ 140k |
| Isolated γ ($p_{\rm T}^{\gamma} > 60 \text{ GeV/}c$) | ∼ 1.5k | ~ 300k |
| Isolated γ ($p_T^{\gamma} > 120 \text{ GeV/}c$) | _ | ~ 10k |
| W ($p_T^W > 50 \text{ GeV/}c$) | ~ 350 | ~ 70k |
| $Z(p_T^2 > 50 \text{ GeV/}c)$ | ~ 35 | ~ 7k |





Run 2 **projection**: Z+jet





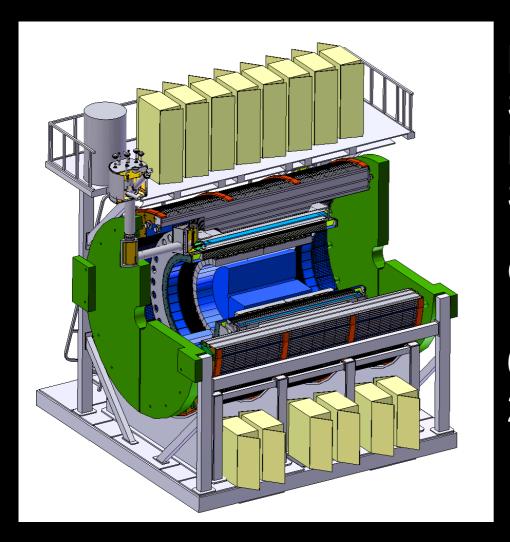
Run 2 **projection**: h±, D and B R_{AA} Run 3: x5 in data



sPHENIX?



sPHENIX \es-'fē-niks\: A high-rate capable detector at RHIC IP8, built around the former BaBar 1.5 T superconducting solenoid, with full electromagnetic and hadronic calorimetry and precision tracking and vertexing, with a core physics program focused on light and heavy-flavor jets, direct photons, Upsilons and their correlations in p+p, p+A, and A+A to study the underlying dynamics of the QGP – physics delivered by 22 weeks of Au+Au, 10 weeks each of p+p and p+A (@ 200 GeV).



Emerged from 2010 decadal planning process Science review in early 2015 Director's cost&schedule review Nov 2015 Science collaboration formed by Dec 2015

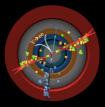
(Co-spokespeople '16-'19: Dave Morrison &GR)

CD0: Early 2016

1st run: Early 2022

60 Institutions

200 collaborators (→500)

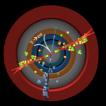




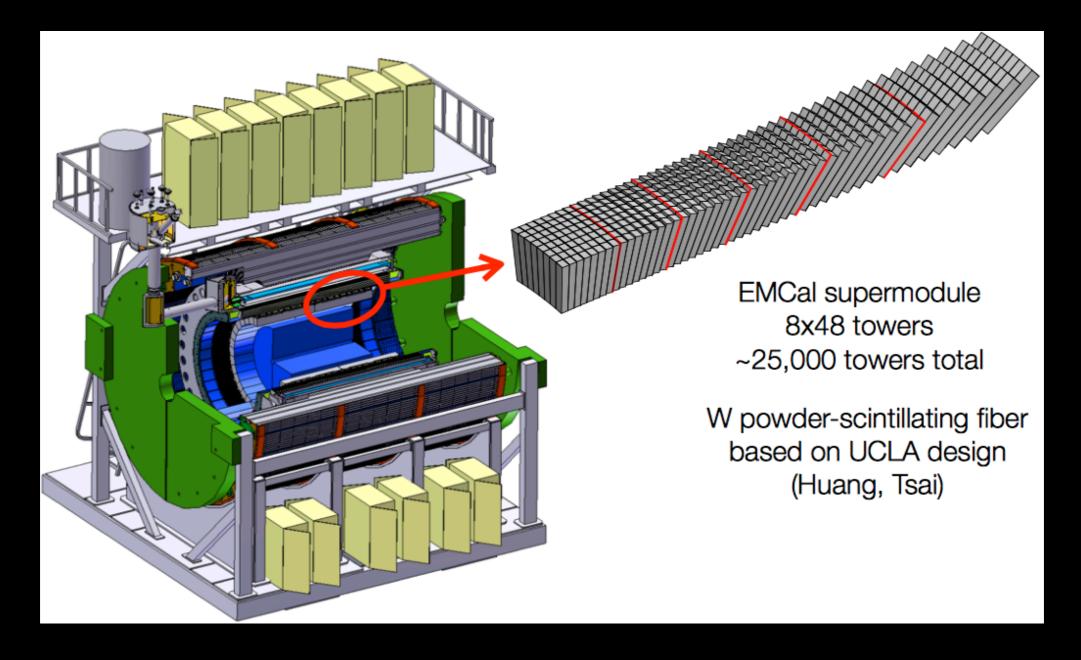




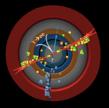
BaBar I.5T solenoid passed low-power cold test at BNL a few weeks ago







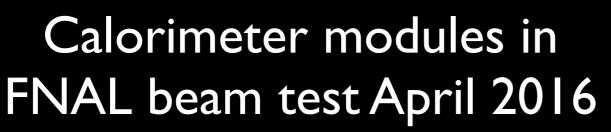
Prototyping of subdetector technologies underway

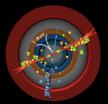






scintillator readout via imbedded fibers bundled together and read by a SiPMs and waveform digitizers





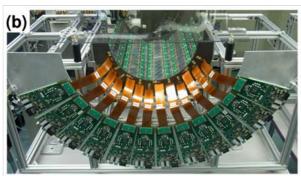




Inner tracker

Reuse PHENIX VTX Components

- Momentum Resolution Limited by Multiple Scattering.
- Significant Dead Area (non-working & gaps)

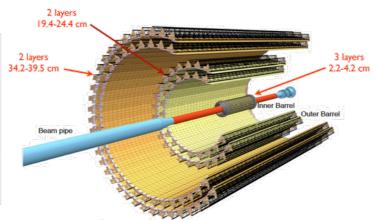


ALICE ITS upgrade detector

All layers composed of pixels. Inner three layers: 0.3% / layer Outer four layers: 0.8% / layer

inner barrel 20-30 x 20-30 μm outer barrel 20-50 x 20-50 μm

Total thickness $X/X_0 = 4.1\%$



want Dark Construction

Attractive option: Copy of ALICE ITS upgrade 3-layer inner barrel

Straightforward technology. Fast (no event pileup).

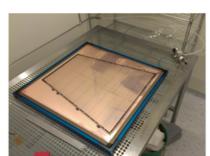
New PHENIX-like Components

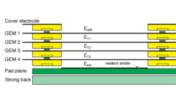
- Multiple-Scat limited.
- Little PID capability



Compact TPC (ala ALICE?)

- Higher momentum resolution
- Smaller Bremsstrahlung tails.
- Leverage ALICE R&D
- PID via dE/dx & neutral V's.

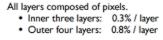




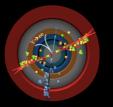
inner barrel 20-30 x 20-30 µm

ALICE ITS upgrade detector

Outer tracker

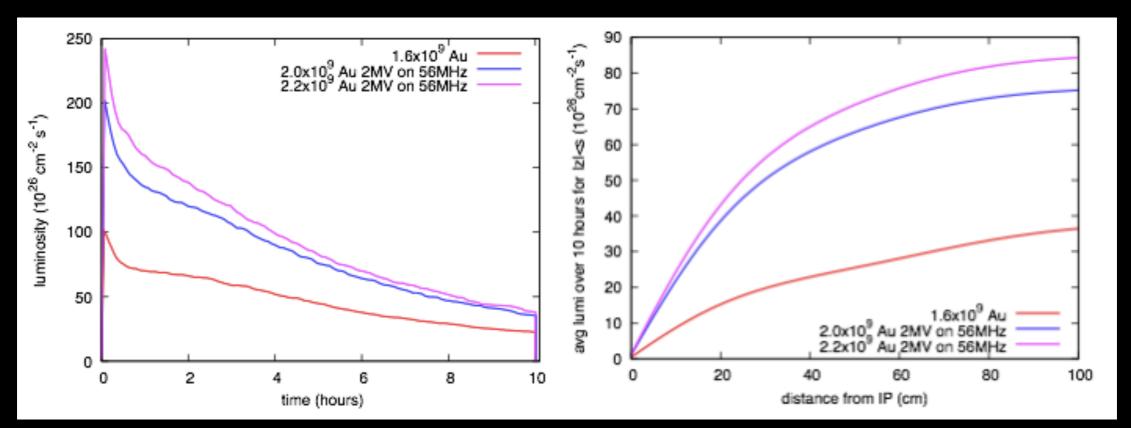


Total thickness X/X₀ = 4.1%





Au+Au luminosity projections from BNL Collider-Accelerator Department (2.5x RHIC Run-14 in |z| < 10 cm vertex cut)

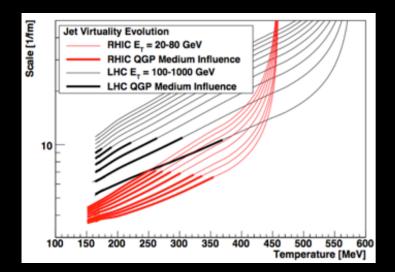


In nominal lyr Au+Au run, 100 billion Au+Au min bias events within |z| < 10cm (@15kHz)

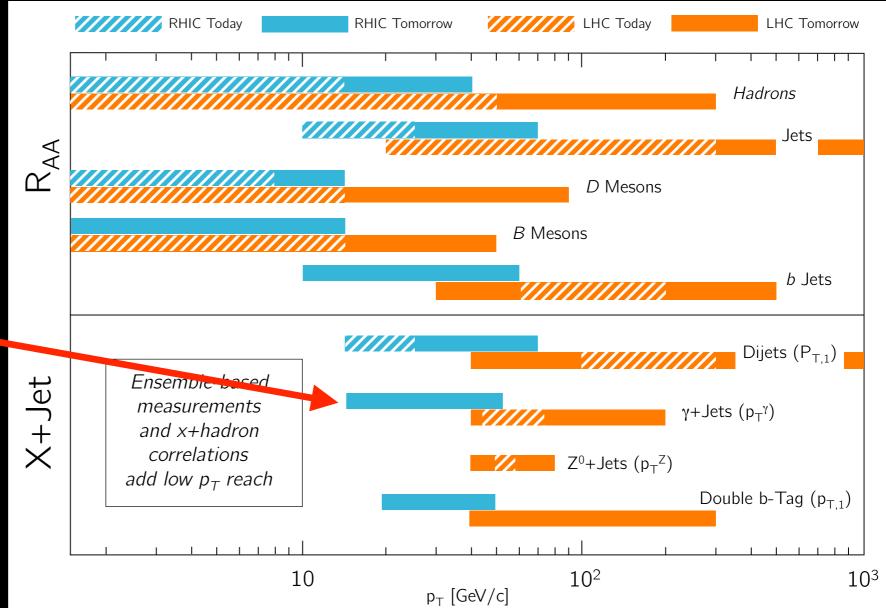
Rare triggers can be measured with calorimeters (i.e. wider z-vertex range): sample <u>0.6 trillion</u> events.







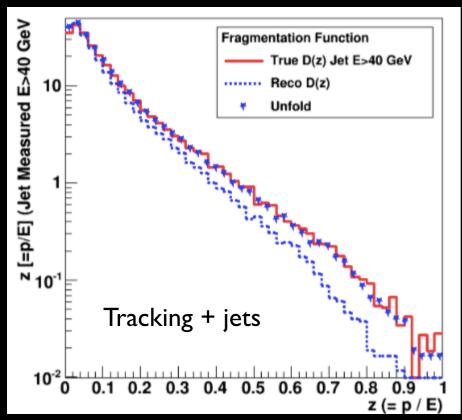
Kinematic overlap of future RHIC and LHC capabilities

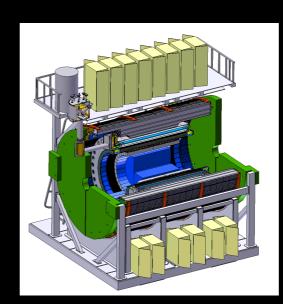


γ+jet



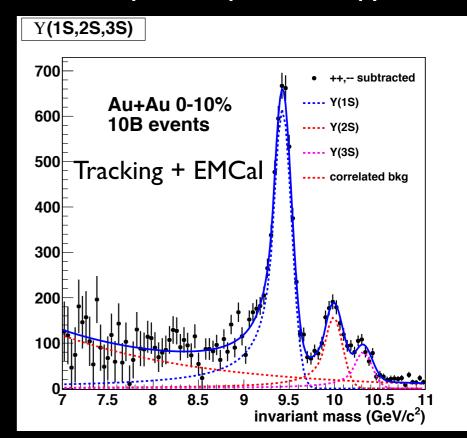
Jet fragmentation functions



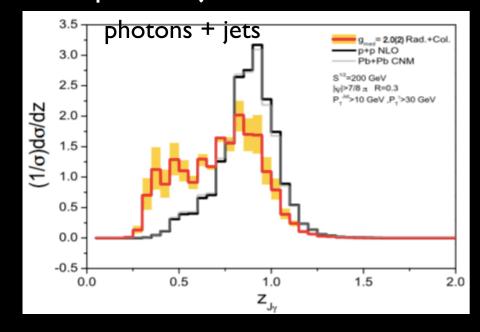


Mix and match tracking, EMCal and HCal info

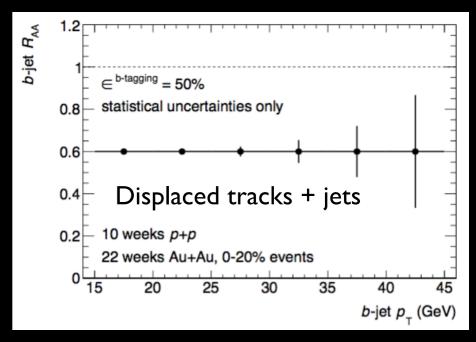
Upsilon spectroscopy

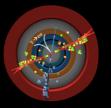


photon-jet correlations



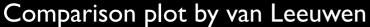
B-jet tagging

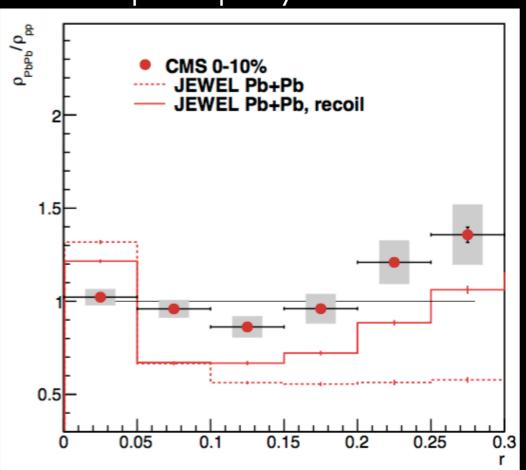




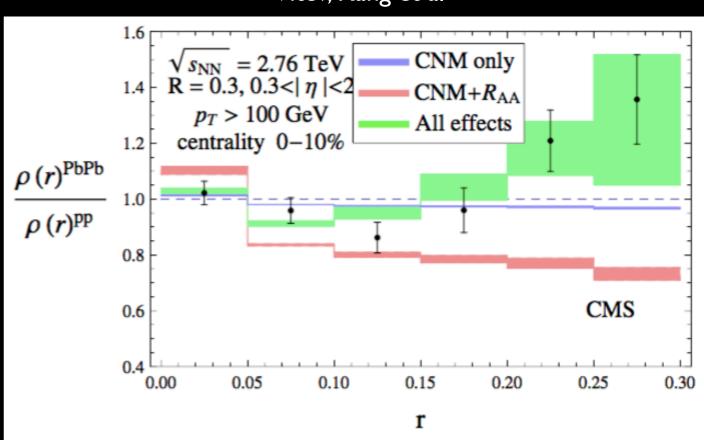
From data + theory to physics







Vitev, Kang et al



What are the meaningful questions? Which systematic precision can we reach?





The Jet Energy-loss Tomography with a Statistical and Computationally Advanced Program Envelope (JETSCAPE) Collaboration

...jets provide powerful tools to study the internal structure of the plasma. However, interpretation of jet measurements requires sophisticated numerical modeling and simulation, and comparison of such theory calculations with experimental data demands advanced statistical tools. The JETSCAPE Collaboration is an interdisciplinary team of physicists, computer scientists, and statisticians developing a comprehensive software framework providing a systematic, rigorous approach to address this program. ...

The JETSCAPE Collaboration will develop a scalable and portable open source software package to replace a variety of existing codes. The modular integrated software framework will consist of interacting generators to simulate (i) wave functions of the incoming nuclei, (ii) viscous fluid dynamical evolution of the hot plasma, and (iii) transport and modification of jets in the plasma. Integrated advanced statistical analysis tools will provide non-expert users with quantitative methods to validate novel theoretical descriptions of such jet modification, by comparison with the complete set of current experimental data...

Gunther Roland



JETSCAPE



- Pl's: Abhijit Majumder, Bass, Fries, Gale, Heinz, Jacak, Jacobs, Putschke, Roland, Schwiebert, Soltz, Wang, Wolpert
- Recommended for funding at NSF (\$3.6M total for postdocs, workshops etc over 4 yrs)
- Start date: June 2016?
- Experiments: Work on interface of simulations/analyses with JETSCAPE

Endgame of HI jet measurements in the next decade

- Comprehensive characterization of final jet constituent distribution
- Control over initial state using tags
- Requires overlap of kinematic and reconstruction capabilities at LHC and RHIC (→sPHENIX)
- Requires major progress in jet calculations and theory/data interface (→JETSCAPE,...)